

# **Preparations for a Proposal to Upgrade the SSD**

**(and a request for ideas and help)**

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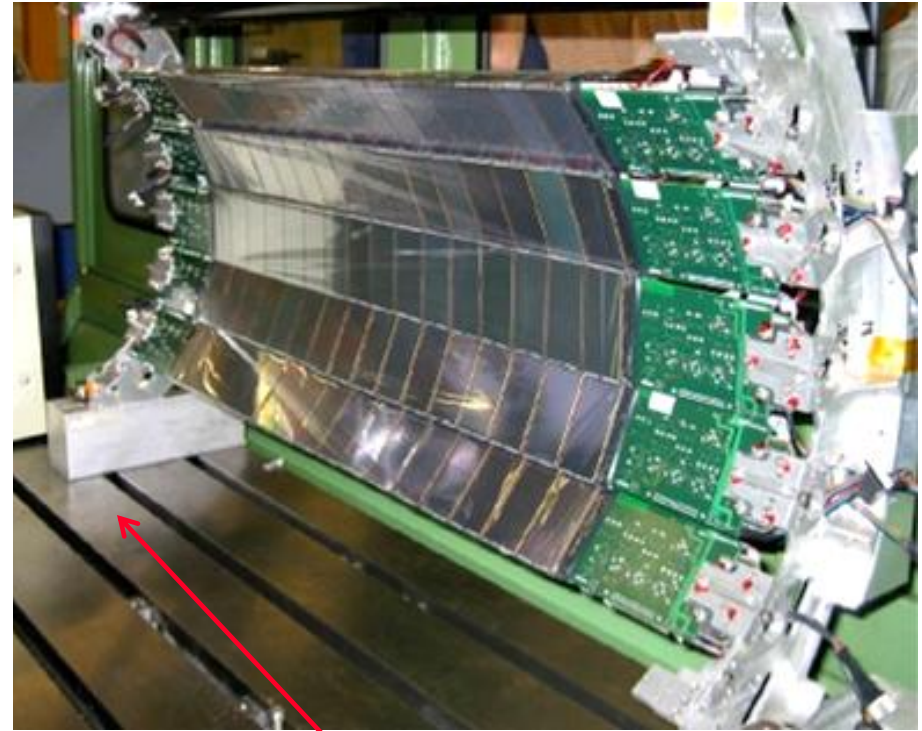
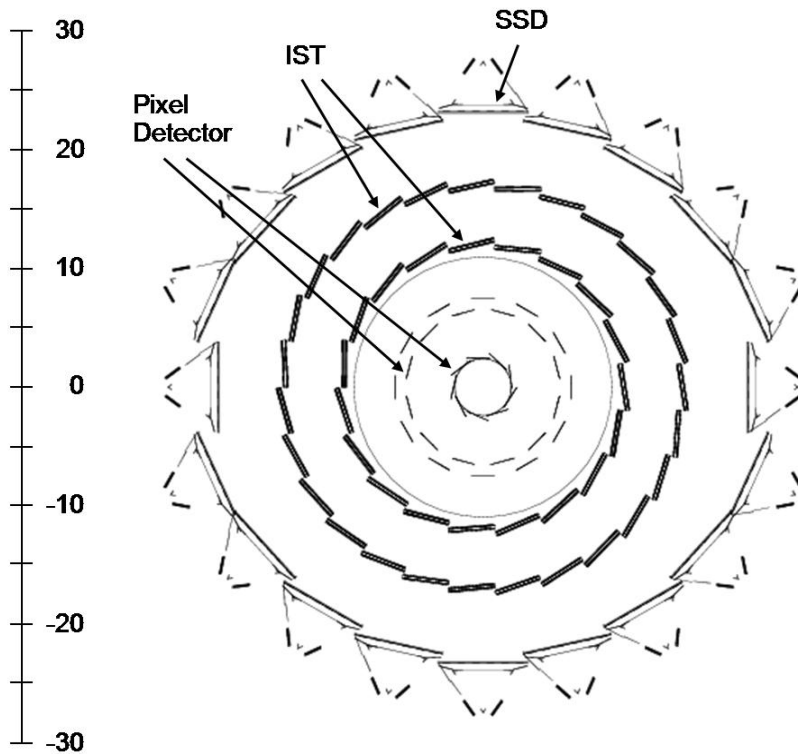
**September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2007**

# Why Upgrade the SSD



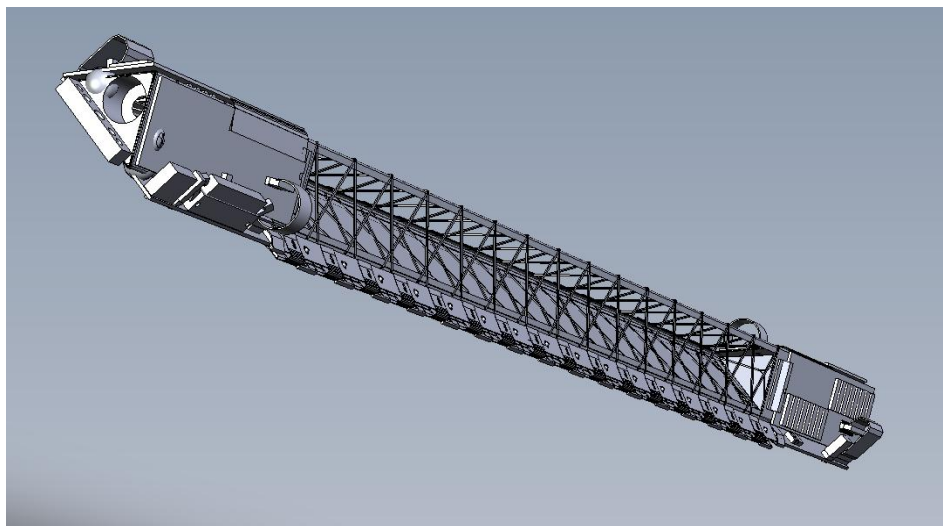
- It's a beautiful detector – it needs to be upgraded to meet the DAQ 1000 era specifications
- It will deliver incremental improvements in the reconstructable yield of the strange mesons and baryons
  - $K$ ,  $\Lambda$ ,  $\Xi$ ,  $\Omega$
- It will have improved single-track high  $p_T$  resolution
- It will improve the invariant mass resolution for resonances and spectra measurements
- It is thin – and so can improve signal to noise ratio for non-photonic electrons
- It is essential for the HFT Upgrade (~\$16M)

# It's a beautiful detector

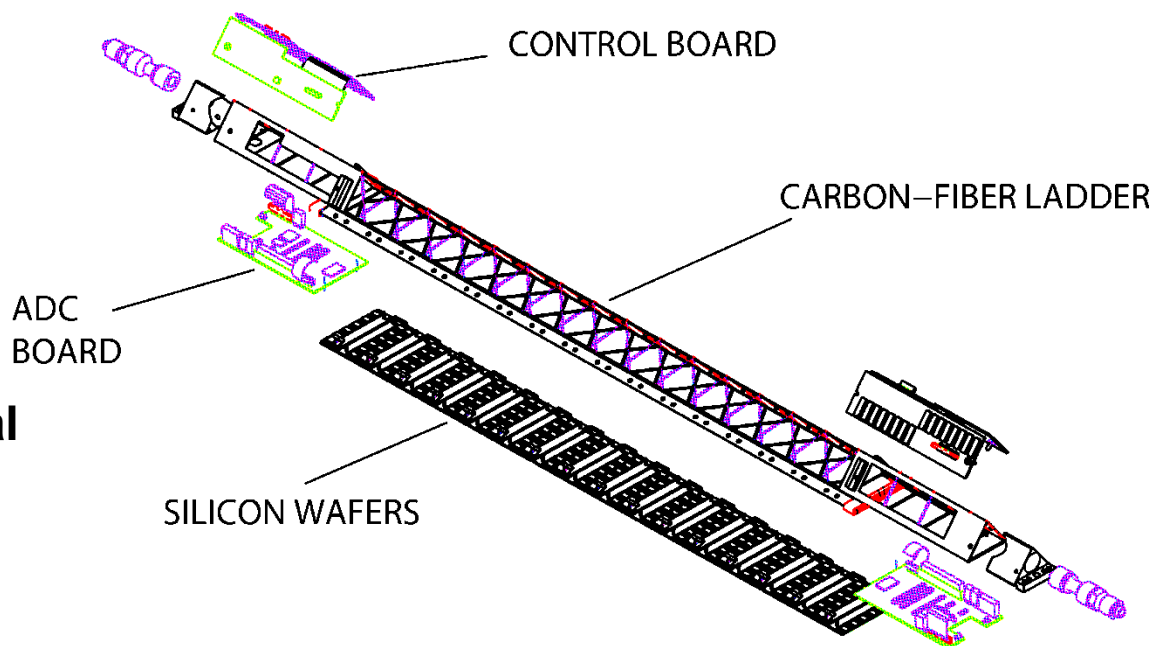


- **The SSD *is* visually appealing** ( 4 cm wafers at 23 cm radius)
- **Technology**
  - 30  $\mu\text{m}$  x 750  $\mu\text{m}$  resolution at 23 cm radius (compare TPC at 1.5 x 1.5 mm)
  - Thin – 1% radiation length
  - Crossed strips with charge sharing ... no ambiguous hits
- **DAQ rate limited to 200 Hz**

# The Upgrade

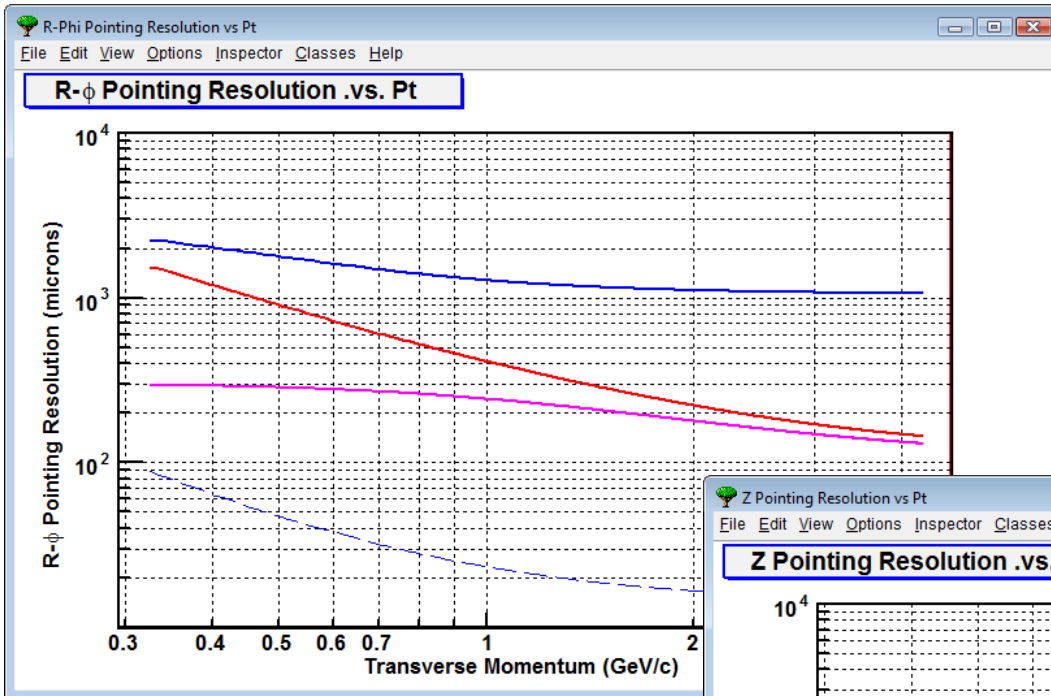


- Upgrade to DAQ 1000 Specs
  - Control Board
  - ADC Board
  - RDO board (not shown)
- Si Wafers remain the same
  - Mechanical structures remain the same

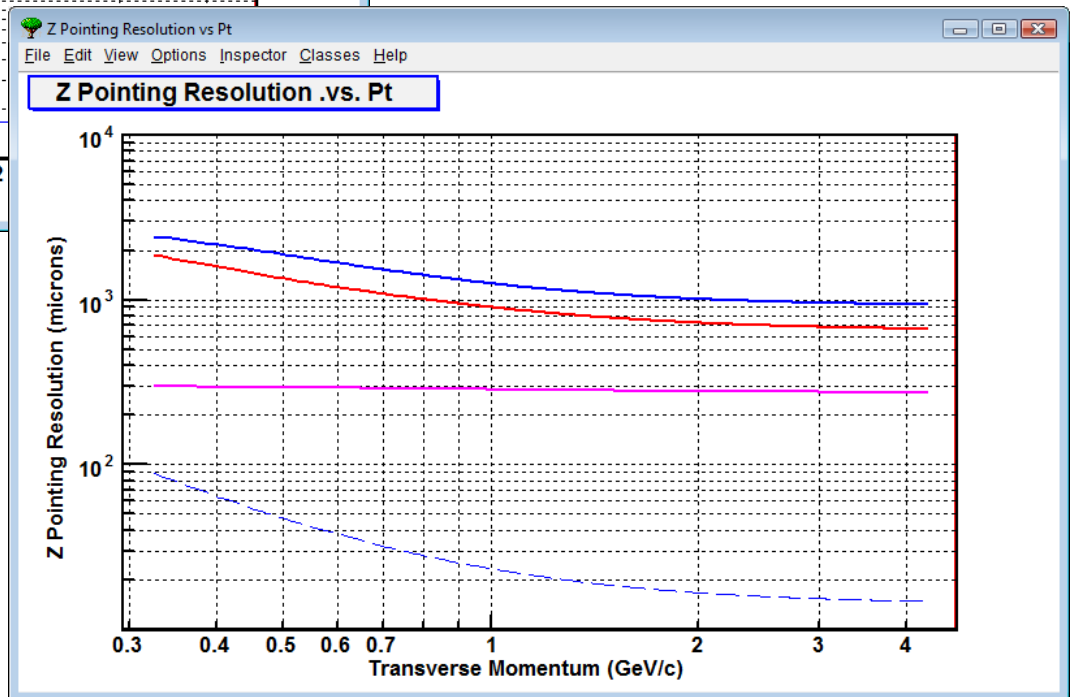


- Cooling and conventional systems also need an upgrade to improve reliability

# The SSD Delivers High Spatial Resolution



- The STAR tracking resolution drops to 400  $\mu$ m in the R- $\phi$  direction
  - Track by track basis
  - No vertex constraint
  - Values quoted a 1 GeV

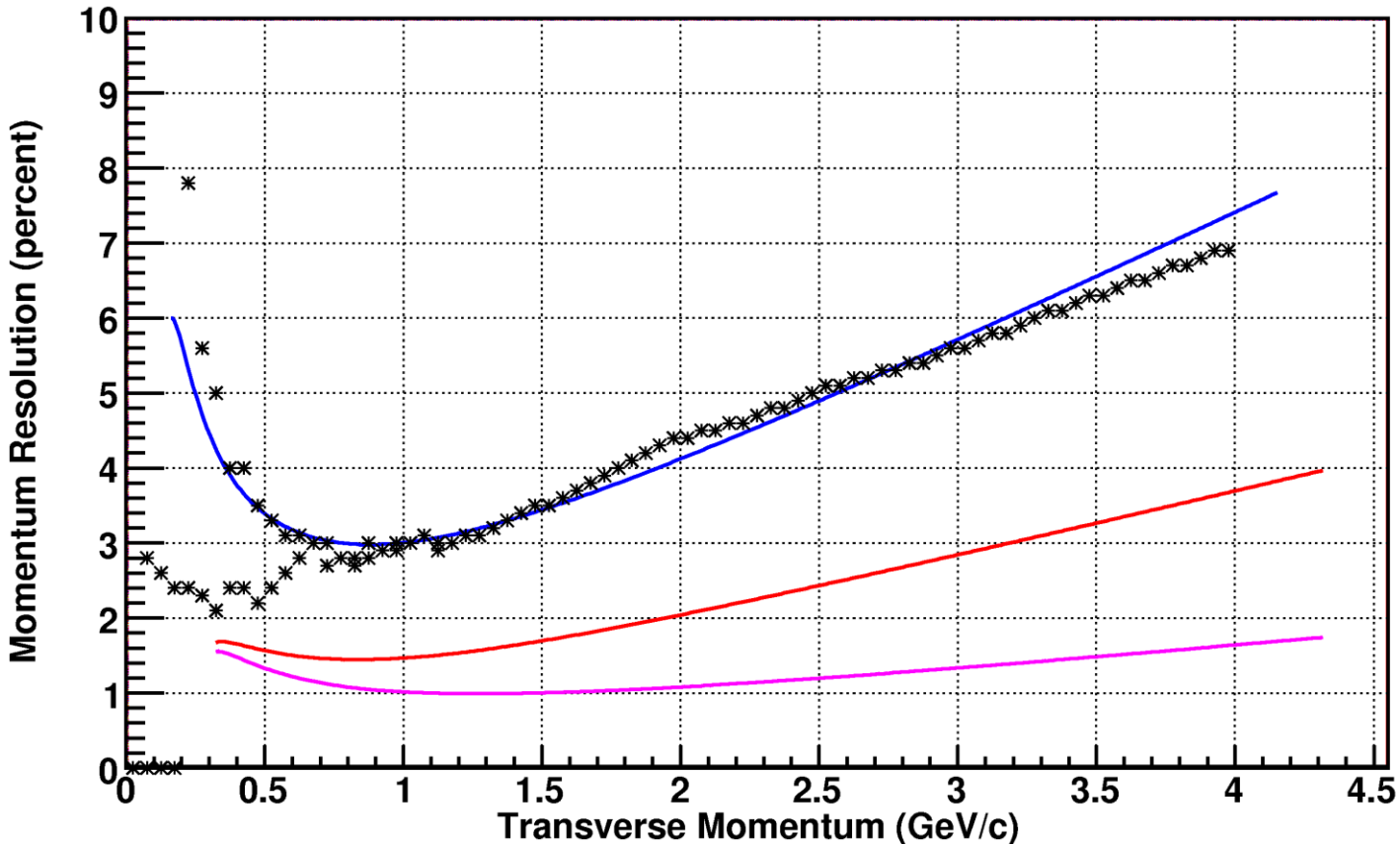


- I cannot tell a lie ...
  - George Washington
- The SSD has asymmetric pointing resolution
  - TPC alone (blue)
  - TPC+SSD (red)
  - 300  $\mu$ m vertex constraint

# The SSD Delivers High $P_T$ Momentum Resolution



Momentum Resolution .vs.  $P_T$



- TPC pointing resolution without a vertex constraint
- $\frac{1}{2}$  field (blue), full field (red), and full field with the SSD (pink)

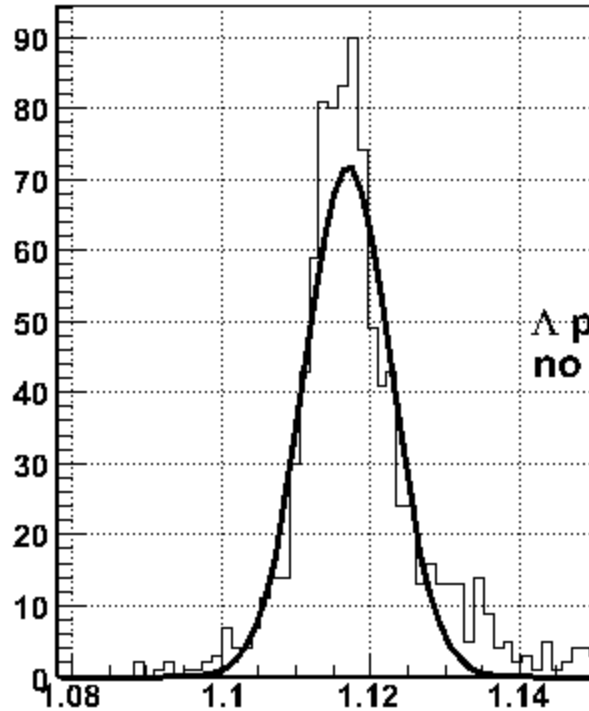
The SSD doubles the high  $p_T$  resolution on a track by track basis

# $\Lambda$ Invariant Mass Resolution



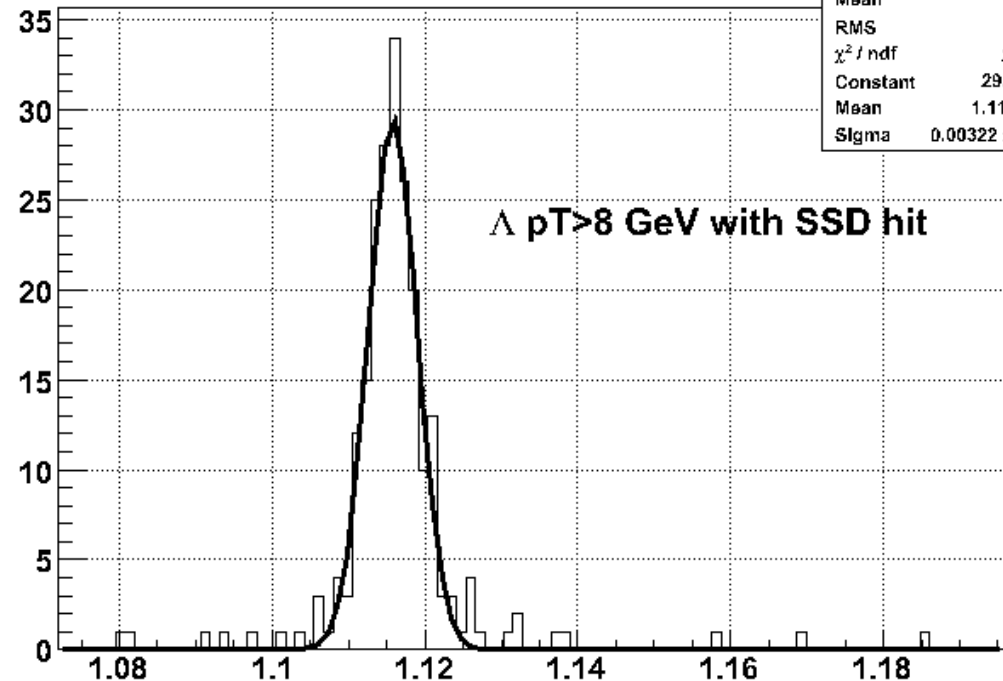
invariantmass {PtL>8.0}

htemp	
Entries	957
Mean	1.12
RMS	0.01247
$\chi^2 / \text{ndf}$	156.7 / 65
Constant	$71.88 \pm 4.08$
Mean	$1.117 \pm 0.000$
Sigma	$0.005775 \pm 0.000257$



invariantmass {PtL>8}

htemp	
Entries	221
Mean	1.116
RMS	0.00912
$\chi^2 / \text{ndf}$	29.89 / 29
Constant	$29.38 \pm 2.87$
Mean	$1.116 \pm 0.000$
Sigma	$0.00322 \pm 0.00021$



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- Qinghua's simulation of high  $p_T$  lambda's with and without the SSD

# Conclusion & a request for help



- The SSD delivers improved pointing resolution and invariant mass resolution
- It can do this on a track by track basis
  - Without resort to a vertex constraint
- It works for single tracks but also in p-p, minBias, and UPC collisions where the vertex is not well defined
- I would like other examples to show the benefits of the SSD
  - Quantify the improvement in for the strange mesons and baryons ?
  - The  $\phi$  ?
  - Anything else that I forgot ??